Honolulu Market Co., Delivery

Quick Goods

Golden Rule Bazaar's

New Book List

MAPOLEON; THE LAST PHASE," by Lord Rosebery. WITH HOOPS OF STREL," by Kel-THE GREAT BOER WAR," by Con-AT Doyle, FRIENDS AND AC-QUAINTANCE," by W. D. Howthe Name of Woman," by March-The Landmarks of Old Boston," by to Duke of Stockbridge," by Edward Bellamy.

Beritage of Unrest," by Overton.

of Old Vincennes," by Thomp-

wisante," by Anthony Hope.
Century of American Diplomacy,"
by John W. Foster.
Hy Baxter's Letters."
ionsieur Beaucaire," by Tarkington,
and many others, in cloth and paper bindings.

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Board of General Appraisers' Decision.

CONCERNING THE EDWARD MAY

Duty on Yellow Sheathing Metal Should Not Have Been Collected.

Materials for Ship in Foreign Trade -Materials admitted to free entry under section 7 or 12, traiff act of 1894 or 1897, respectively, for use in the construction or equipment of a vessel employed in the foreign trade, do not become dutiable when such vessel makes a coastwise voyage of more than two months' duration after the materials HONOLULAN TALKS exempted had become worn out, or had ceased to be serviceable or useful for the purpose for which they were used.

Worn-Out Metal Sheathing-Where It is shown that the life of imported metal sheathing on a vessel, and its effectiveness, does not continue longer than from two and one-half to three years, duties will not accrue on such sheathing which has been in use for more than four years at the time the vessel undertakes a coastwise voyage, notwithstanding the owner has allowed it to remain on the vessel.

In re Spreckels & Bros. Co., 104 Fed. Rep., 879 (reversing in re Spreckels & Bros. Co., G. A. 3694), followed,

Before the United States General Appraisers at New York, April 22, 1901. In the matter of the protest, 47019b, of Alexander & Baldwin, against the decision of the collector of customs at begin to sell for the premium they Honolulu, Hawaii, as to the rate and would command under similar circumamount of duties chargeable on certain metal sheathing upon the American bark Edward May.

Opinion by Somerville, General Ap-

as follows: "On April 20, 1896, the owner of the American bark Edward May withdrew from bonded warehouse at New York certain yellow sheathing metal, which was placed upon the huli of said vessel. The merchandise was of said vessel. The inerchandre quarter accorded the privileges of section 7 of the tariff act of 1894, which reads, so far as applicable, as follows:

Section 7—That all materials of foreign production which may be necessary for the construction of vessels

sary for the construction of vessels built in the United States for foreign account and ownership or for the purpose of being employed in the foreign trade including the trade between the Atlantic and Pacific ports of the United States, and all such materials necessary for the building of their machinery, and all articles necessary for their outfit and equipment, after the passage of this Act, may be imported in bond under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may pre-scribe; and upon proof that such materials have been used for such purposes no duties shall be paid thereon. But vessels receiving the benefit of this section shall not be allowed to engage in the coastwise trade of the United States more than two months in any one year except upon the payment to the United States of the duties of

which a rebate is herein allowed. Thereafter the vessel was engaged in the foreign trade for more than four years. On June 21, 1900, being then in the port of Honolulu, Hawaii, she ex-changed her foreign master for coastwise enrollment, clearing from Honolulu and continuing in the coasting trade for more than two months in the year 1900. During all this time the sheathing remained upon the bark's hull. On her return to Honolulu the full duties of the yellow metal in question, amounting to \$284.20, were exacted by the collector at that port, under section 12 of the act of 1897, which was then in force, said section 12 corres-ponding exactly to section 7 of the act

of 1894. The protest claims that the collector's action was unauthorized .

In the case in re Spreckels & Bros. Co. (104 Fed. Rep., 879), reversing board decision in re Spreckels & Bros. Co. (G. A. 3694), the circuit court for the northern district of California found, upon the testimony of expert witnesses, that the life and effectiveness of metal sheathing of this character does not continue longer than from two and a half to three years. That evidence, as set forth in the opin-ion of the court, being applicable to the merchandise before us, is made part of the record in this case. It is strongly corroborated by the which were filed with this protest. We find accordingly that, at the time the Edward May undertook her coast-wise voyage, the yellow metal on her ther use than to be remanufactured.

hull was worn out and unfit for fur-The Spreckels case cited, supra, which arose under section 8 of the tariff act of 1890, of which sections 7 of the act of 1894, and 12 of the present act were re-enactments in more liberal terms, involved precisely the question now before the board. We quote the following remarks from the opinion: It could hardly have been intended by Congress to permanently exclude from the coastwise trade for ten months in the year a vessel built in the United States because it had used in its construction or equipment, free of duty, some foreign materials, the use or life of which was of short duration. The statute specifically provides that "upon proof that such materials have been used for such purpose (construction or equipment) no duties shall be paid thereon." In what way is this exemption qualified by the provision "that vessels receiving the benefit of this section shall not be allowed to engage in the coastwise trade of the United States for more than two months in any one year except upon payment of the duties?" Suppose an imported Manila or wire rope has been completely used up on board of a vessel, must the duties be paid upon such an article, notwithstanding its destruction, to secure the privilege of engag-ing in the coastwise trade for more than two months in the year? The requirement of duty on imported material used in the construction and equipment of a vessel appears to be a reasonable regulation, if the material continues to exist in a useful condition.

But if it is worn out, and its life has

gone as a useful or serviceable arti-cle, the payment of the duties does not appear to be a reasonable requirement

within the spirit and the purpose of the regulation. And further: Is there any warrant for the as-sumption that Congress intended to

impose a duty upon material after it had been used and become practically had been used and become practically worthless, simply as a penalty for its retention upon the vessel? The statute is silent upon this point, and the inference to be drawn from this silence is purely a matter of construction, to be determined by the general spirit and intent of the statute. As it is not to be presumed that an injustice was be presumed that an injustice was within the legislative intent, wherever a statute is capable of two constructions, one of which would work manifold injustice, and the other would work no injustice, it is the duty of the courte to adopt the latter. Can Ow work no injustice, it is the duty of the courts to adopt the latter. (Lau Ow Bew vs. United States, 144 U. S., 47, 59; 12 Sup. Ct., 517, 36 L., ed. 340, and cases cited.) In accordance with these principles, the court will consider that the section in controversy applies only to material that is useful for the purpose for which it is intended to be used.

It was judged accordingly that a shipowner was entitled to the cancellation of duties on yellow sheathing metal which had been in use more than four years, notwithstanding he had allowed it to remain on the vessel and accepted the consequent lower rating. The merchandise seems also to be entitled to exemption from duty under section 8 of the tariff act of 1894, which reads as follows:

Section 8-That all articles of foreign production needed for the repair of American vessels engaged in foreign trade, including the trade between the Atlantic and Pacific ports of the United States, may be withdrawn from bonded warehouses from a duty with the states. bonded warehouses free of duty, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

Following the authority cited, the protest is sustained and the collector's decision reversed, with instructions to reliquidate the entry accordingly.

ABOUT SECURITIES

"The bulk of paying properties in the Hawaiian Islands is owned by Americans, perhaps as much as four-fifths," said a Honolulu man en route to England, the other day. "Money is tight there, because of the great demand for it in developing numerous new enterprises. know of a party of Englishmen who were passing through Honolulu recently and invested \$10,000. They will probably send more money there before long. Sugar is not bringing the fancy prices of last year, but there is still a good margin of profit in its culture. Some of the opportunities for investment are very good, but their value does not seem to be appreciated in this country. For instance, the bonds of the Oahu railroad, paying an interest of 6 per cent, do not stances in the United States. The road is a very profitable property, and its warehouses and terminals alone would sell for the amount of bonds issued. The same thing is true of other well-established enterprises in the islands that I rial facts in this case are might mention. But with the exploitation of Hawaiian securities, I look to a change for the better in this regard." -Kansas City Journal.

ASCENSION DAY.

To Be Observed Thursday Morning by Second Congregation.

There will be a celebration of holy communion at 5:30 o'clock on Thursday morning for the Second Congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral.

During this month the great festivals of the church will fall-Ascension Day on the 16th and Whitsunday on the 26th. The observance of Ascension Day is the assertion of all believers in that article of their faitn-"I believe that Jesus Christ ascended into Heaven and sitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty." Coming as it does on Thursday, the public celebration is left to the very few. Holy Thursday, as this day is sometimes called, was almost forgotten for many years, but after its revival, there seemed hopes that its observance would become general, but in many places we fear it has fallen off again. In England the custom of the children of the schools beating the bounds of the parish on this day is still continued.

Whitsunday or Pentercost is the Festival of the Holy Ghost. This is the actual birmay of the Church of Christ, and should be observed with every mark of faith and devotion and joy in be-

Consolation for a Widow.

MANILA, April 20 .- The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of 8,000 or 10,000 pesos a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, as no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Avoid colds by drinking "Kentucky Favorite" whisky. Spruance, Stanley & Co., San Francisce, proprietors.

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